SEMESTER-II

COURSE 1: ANIMAL DIVERSITY-I BIOLOGY OF NON-CHORDATES

Theory Credits: 3 3hrs/week

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the taxonomic position of protozoa to helminthes.
- To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to protozoa to hemichordata.
- To understand the structural organization of animals phylum from protozoa to hemi chordata.
- To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from protozoa to hemi chordata.
- To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from annelids to hemichordates.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: By the completion of the course the graduate should able to –

- Describe concept of animal kingdom classification and general characters of Protozoa
- Classify Porifera and Coelenterata with taxonomic keys
- Classify Phylum Platy & Nemathelminthes using examples, parasitic adaptation
- Describe Phylum Annelida & Arthropoda using examples and economic importance of vermicomposting & economic importance of insects.
- Describe Mollusca, Echinodermata & Hemi chordata with suitable examples in relation to the phylogeny

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Whittakers five kingdom concept and classification of Animal Kingdom.
- 1.2 Protozoa General Characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 1.3 Protozoa Locomotion & nutrition
- 1.4 Protozoa reproduction

Activity: Assignment /Seminar on the above

Evaluation: Marks to be awarded for written and oral presentations

UNIT -II

- 2.1 Porifera General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.2 Canal system in sponges
- 2.3 Coelenterata General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.4 Polymorphism in coelenterates & Corals and coral reefs

Activity: Assignment /Seminar /Quiz/Project on the above

Evaluation: Evaluation of Written part + Evaluation of oral Presentation, Assessment of studentsin Quiz participation and Ranking - Evaluation of Project Report and oral presentation

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Platyhelminthes General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 3.2 Parasitic Adaptations in helminthes
- 3.3 Nemathelminthes General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 3.4 Life cycle and pathogenicity of Ascaris lumbricoides

Activity: Assignment /Seminar /Quiz/Project/Peer teaching on the above Evaluation: Instructor supposed to prepare a detailed Rubrics for the evaluation of the above activity

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 Annelida General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 4.2 Vermiculture Scope, significance, earthworm species, processing, Vermicompost, economic importance of vermicompost
- 4.3 Arthropoda General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 4.4 Peripatus Structure and affinities

Activity: Assignment /Seminar /Quiz/Project/Peer teaching on the above Evaluation: Instructor supposed to prepare a detailed Rubrics for the evaluation of the above activity

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Mollusca General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 5.2 Pearl formation in Pelecypoda
- 5.3 Echinodermata General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples Water vascular system in star fish
- 5.4 Hemichordata General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples *Balanoglossus* Structure and affinities

Activity: Assignment /Seminar /Quiz/Project/Peer teaching on the above Evaluation: Instructor supposed to prepare a detailed Rubrics for the evaluation of the above activity

Co-curricular activities (suggested)

- Preparation of chart/model of phylogenic tree of life, 5-kingdom classification
- Visit to Zoology Museum or Coral Island as part of Zoological tour
- Charts on polymorphism
- Clay models of canal system in sponges
- Plaster-of-paris model of *Peripatus*
- Construction of a vermicompost in each college, manufacture of manure by students anddonating to local farmers
- Chart on pearl forming layers using clay
- Visit to a pearl culture rearing industry/institute
- Live model of water vascular system
- Observation of Balanoglossus for its tubicolous habit

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- L.H. Hyman ,, The Invertebrates' Vol I, II and V. M.C. Graw Hill Company Ltd.
- Kotpal, R.L. 1988 1992 Protozoa, Porifera, Coelenterata, Helminthes, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Echinodermata. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- E.L. Jordan and P.S. Verma "*Invertebrate Zoology*' S. Chand and Company.
- R.D. Barnes "Invertebrate Zoology' by: W.B. Saunders CO., 1986.
- Barrington. E.J.W., "Invertebrate structure and Function' by ELBS.
- P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami. Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
- Parker, T.J. and Haswell, *A text book of Zoology* by, W.A., Mac Millan Co.London.
- Barnes, R.D. (1982). *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition"

SEMESTER-II

COURSE 1: ANIMAL DIVERSITY-I BIOLOGY OF NON-CHORDATES

Practical Credits: 1 2 hrs/week

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- To understand the importance of preservation of museum specimens
- To identify animals based on special identifying characters
- To understand different organ systems through demo or virtual dissections
- To maintain a neat, labelled record of identified museum specimens

SYLLABUS:

Study of museum slides / specimens / models (Classification of animals up to orders)

- Protozoa: Amoeba, Paramoecium, Paramoecium Binary fission and Conjugation, Vorticella, Entamoeba histolytica, Plasmodium vivax
- Porifera: Sycon, Spongilla, Euspongia, Sycon-T.S & L.S, Spicules, Gemmule
- Coelenterata: Obelia Colony & Medusa, Aurelia, Physalia, Velella, Corallium, Gorgonia, Pennatula
- Platyhelminthes: *Planaria, Fasciola hepatica, Fasciola* larval forms Miracidium, Redia, Cercaria, *Echinococcus granulosus, Taenia solium, Schistosoma haematobium*
- Nemathelminths: Ascaris (Male & Female), Drancunculus, Ancylostoma, Wuchereria
- Annelida: Nereis, Aphrodite, Chaetopteurs, Hirudinaria, Trochophore larva
- Arthropoda: Cancer, *Palaemon*, Scorpion, *Scolopendra, Sacculina, Limulus, Peripatus*,
 Larvae Nauplius, Mysis, Zoea, Mouth parts of male &female *Anopheles* and *Culex*, Mouthparts of Housefly and Butterfly.
- Mollusca: Chiton, Pila, Unio, Pteredo, Murex, Sepia, Loligo, Octopus, Nautilus, Glochidium larva
- Echinodermata: Asterias, Ophiothrix, Echinus, Clypeaster, Cucumaria, Antedon, Bipinnaria larva
- Hemichordata: Balanoglossus, Tornaria larva

Dissections:

Computer - aided techniques should be adopted or show virtual dissections Dissection of edible (Prawn/Pila) invertebrate as per UGC guidelines

An "Animal album" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the abovementioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different setsof students for this purpose

RFERENCE WEB LINKS:

- https://virtualmicroscopy.peabody.yale.edu/
- https://tnhm.in/category/assorted-gallery-for-vertebrates-and-invetebrates/invertebrates/
- http://www.nhc.ed.ac.uk/index.php?page=24.25.312
- https://biologyjunction.com/invertebrate-notes/